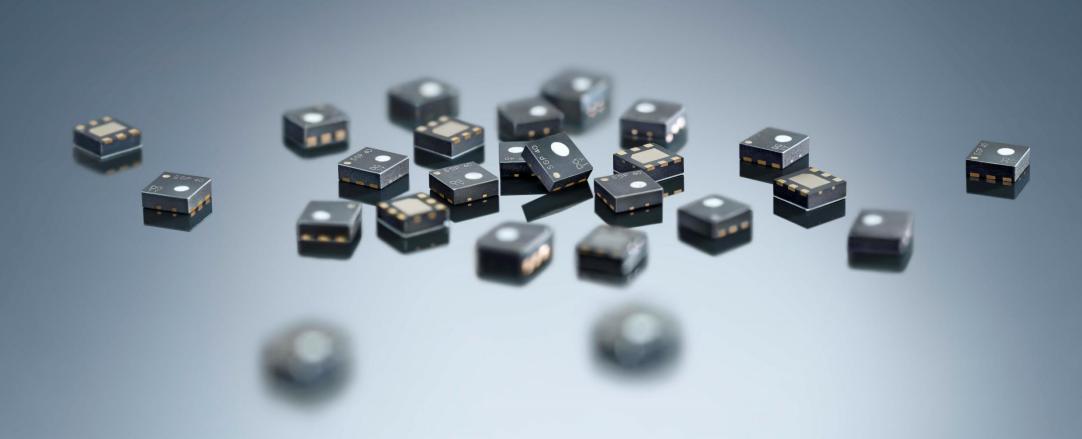
# SGP40 – VOC Index for Experts





## **VOC** air pollutants and their sources

people: breath, cosmetics,...

carpets, furniture and floorings



paints and solvents

cleaning and cooking

plastic products

#### **Examples of air pollutants and their source**

■ Toluene (furniture, mattresses, building products)

Other gases 

Ethanol (alcohol, cleaner, perfume)

Odors 
Hydrogen sulfide, volatile sulfuric compounds (rotten food, farts)

☐ Ammonia, amines (pet pee)

Smoke 

Benzene, nitrosamines (cigarette smoke)

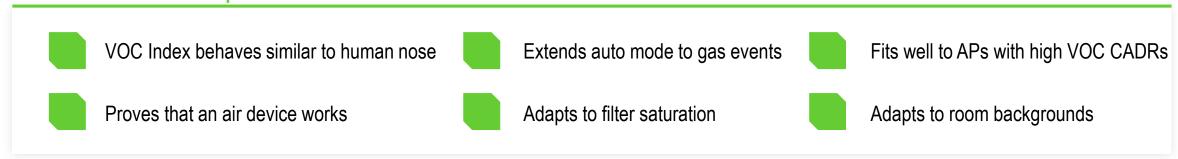
Confidential



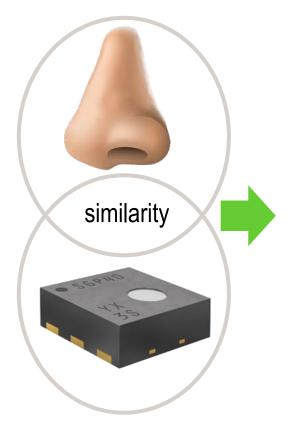
## Monitoring indoor air with the VOC Index



#### **Customer benefits for air purifiers**



# Three main components of the VOC Index signal

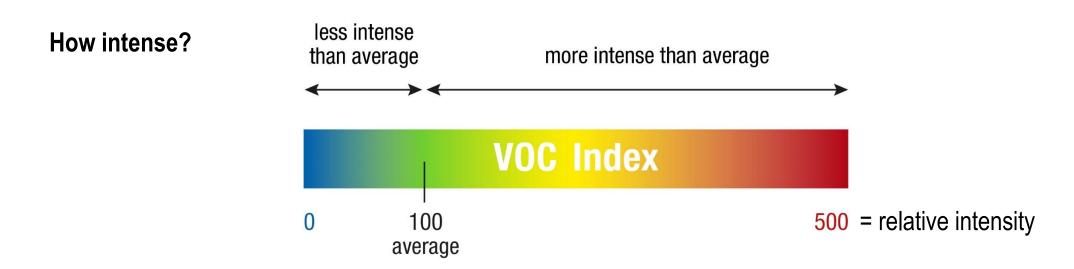


- How strong? Detects relative intensity of VOC events SGP40 detects odorless gases as well, but it cannot discriminate between different VOCs.
- Human nose adapts in a few minutes. SGP40 adapts in a few hours.
- ☐ How often? Informs about VOC event frequency





#### The VOC Index covers all information needed

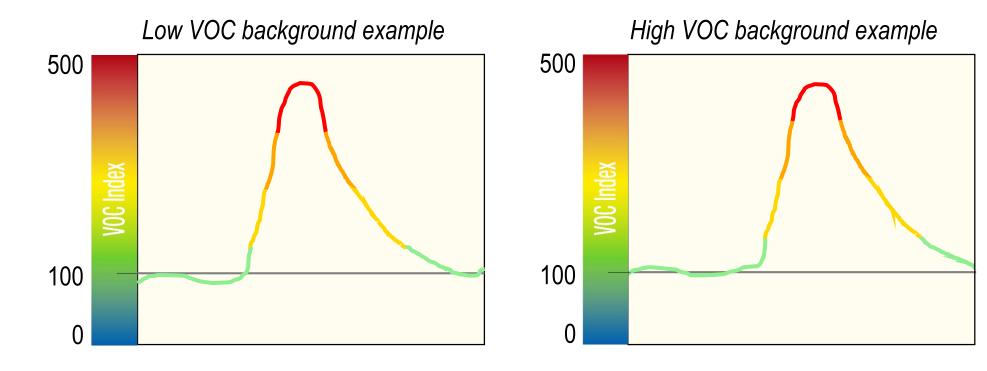


#### **VOC Index...**

- ...shows changes of intensity relative to the history in the room
- ...is referenced to the average of VOCs present over the last 24 h in the room
- ...behaves similar to a human nose, a MOX sensor is not able to detect the absolute VOC concentration
- ☐ ...starts going back to average VOC Index after 3 h for very long events adapts to background

# Visualizing VOC events by means of VOC Index

VOC Index visualizes VOC events on a logarithmic scale<sup>1,2</sup> and relative to typical indoor gas composition during the recent 24 h. This means that level "typical" refers to the typical conditions of the environment. The scale does not represent absolute concentrations.



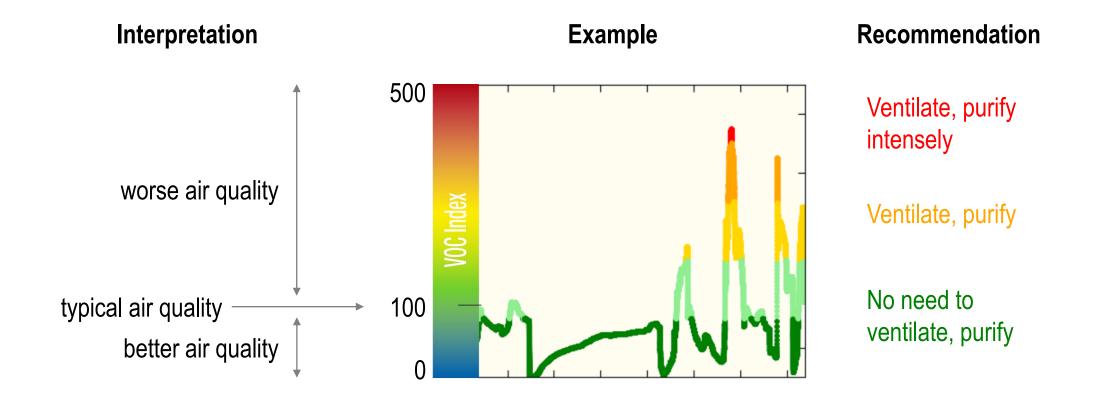


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bundesgesundheitsblatt – Gesundheitsforschung Gesundheitsschutz 2007, 50:990–1005, Springer Medizin Verlag 2007

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Air quality guidelines for Europe – 2nd Edition; hg. v. World Health Organization – WHO, Copenhagen (2000)

#### **Next-level** air treatment

VOC Index notifies end users or air treatment devices when air pollution changes. Notifications are actionable in environments with low and high VOC backgrounds independent of the absolute VOC concentrations.



# **VOC Index accuracy**

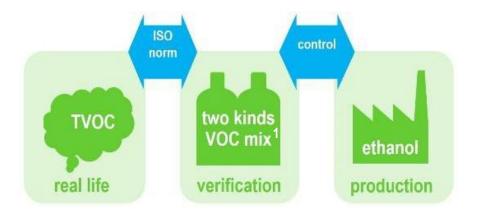
- Laboratory
- Field



# **Proxy gas ethanol**

Laboratory tests typically use a proxy gas for real life VOCs. Sensirion recommends ethanol as proxy gas:

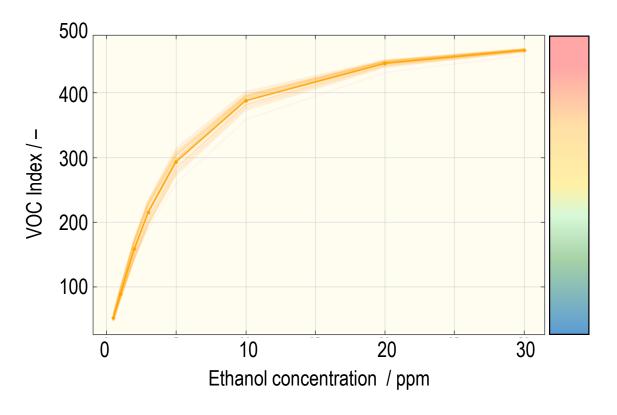
- ✓ The SGP40 sensor sensitivity to ethanol is representative of the ISO-standard VOC mix (n-octane + m-xylene)¹ and other VOCs occurring in everyday life²
- Ethanol is safe and easy to acquire
- ✓ Ethanol enables a simple test setup, only one gas to mix with zero air and humidity



- [1] ISO 16000-29 Indoor air Part 29: Test methods for VOC detectors
- [2] For more details, please ask for the "SGP40 Performance Report"

# **Laboratory accuracy**

After stabilization at 1 ppm of EtOH in a test chamber (equivalent to a small controlled room in a "perfect world")



Note: The shown relationship holds only for the standard VOC test sequence<sup>1</sup> as provided by Sensirion.

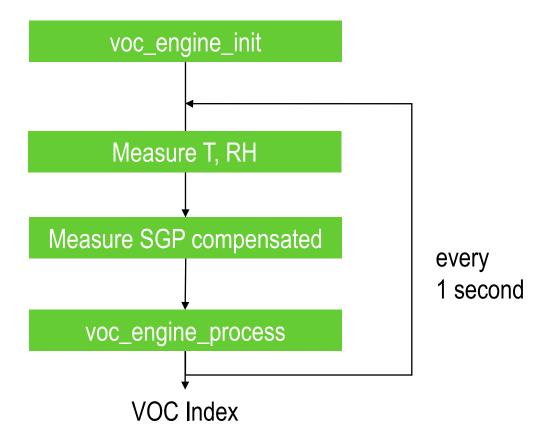


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For details please refer to Sensirion's application note «SGP40 Testing Guide»



# Signal flow in the VOC Index driver

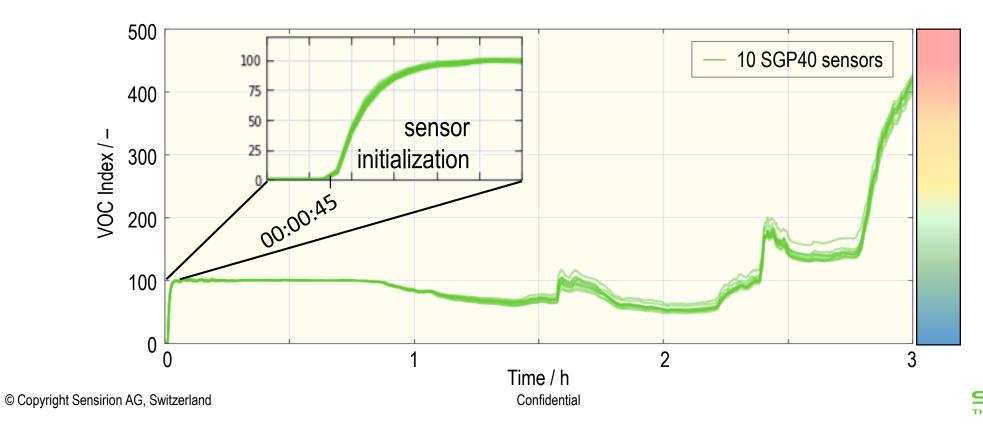
VOC Algorithm calculates VOC Index from measurements with SGP40 and SHT sensors:



# Startup

The VOC Algorithm initializes in two phases:

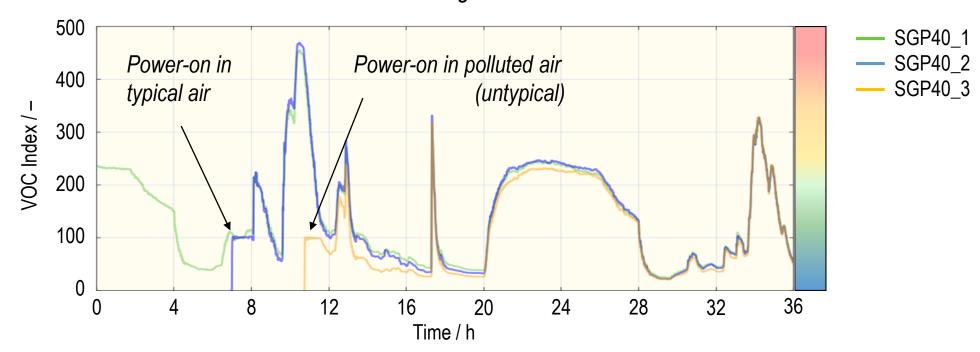
- 0...1.5 h: fast adaptation to the environment. Signal always initializes in level "typical". From the beginning, sensor-to-sensor-variation is excellent and fast VOC events are shown.
- >1.5 h: final, slow adaptation. Even very slow changes in chemical air pollution are now visualized for best user experience.



# Long-term behavior

The VOC Algorithm constantly estimates sensor baseline and sensitivity from statistical data of the past 24 h. For this reason, multiple VOC Index signals are most similar if history is equal since startup. When placed into a common room but with different histories, all VOC Index signals usually converge within 1 to 12 h.

Figure: Three sensor modules with different histories converge after few hours:



# SENSIRION THE SENSOR COMPANY