# 3-V TO 5.5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER

C2+[

DOUT1 5

DOUT2 6

DOUT3

RIN1 8

RIN2 9

RIN3 11

13

DOUT4 10

DOUT5 12

FORCEON

FORCEOFF 14

GND 2

C2-[]3

V-14

WITH ±15-kV ESD (HBM) PROTECTION SLLS349J – JUNE 1999 – REVISED MARCH 2004

28 🛛 C1+

26 🛛 V<sub>CC</sub>

25 C1-

24 DIN1

23 DIN2

22 DIN3

19 DIN4

17 DIN5

21 🛛 ROUT1

20 ROUT2

18 ROUT3

16 ROUT1B

15 INVALID

27 V+

**DB OR PW PACKAGE** 

(TOP VIEW)

- RS-232 Bus-Pin ESD Protection Exceeds ±15 kV Using Human-Body Model (HBM)
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU v.28 Standards
- Operates With 3-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Supply
- Operates Up To 250 kbit/s
- Five Drivers and Three Receivers
- Low Standby Current . . . 1 μA Typical
- External Capacitors . . . 4 × 0.1 μF
- Accepts 5-V Logic Input With 3.3-V Supply
- Always-Active Noninverting Receiver Output (ROUT1B)
- Alternative High-Speed Pin-Compatible Device (1 Mbit/s)

   SNx5C3238
- Applications
  - Battery-Powered Systems, PDAs, Notebooks, Subnotebooks, Laptops, Palmtop PCs, Hand-Held Equipment, Modems, and Printers

#### description/ordering information

The MAX3238 consists of five line drivers, three line receivers, and a dual charge-pump circuit with  $\pm$ 15-kV ESD (HBM) protection pin to pin (serial-port connection pins, including GND). The device meets the requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and provides the electrical interface between notebook and subnotebook computer applications. The charge pump and four small external capacitors allow operation from a single 3-V to 5.5-V supply. In addition, the device includes an always-active noninverting output (ROUT1B), which allows applications using the ring indicator to transmit data while the device is powered down. These devices operate at data signaling rates up to 250 kbit/s and a maximum of 30-V/ $\mu$ s driver output slew rate.

TA	PACKAG	ε†	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
		Tube of 50	MAX3238CDB	MAX0000
000 (+ 7000	SSOP (DB)	Reel of 2000	MAX3238CDBR	MAX3238C
–0°C to 70°C	T0000 (DWA)	Tube of 50	MAX3238CPW	14400000
	TSSOP (PW)	Reel of 2000	MAX3238CPWR	MA3238C
		Tube of 50	MAX3238IDB	
4000 4 0500	SSOP (DB)	Reel of 2000	MAX3238IDBR	MAX3238I
–40°C to 85°C	T0000 (DWA)	Tube of 50	MAX3238IPW	MD0000
	TSSOP (PW)	Reel of 2000	MAX3238IPWR	MB3238I

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

<sup>†</sup> Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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### description/ordering information (continued)

Flexible control options for power management are featured when the serial port and driver inputs are inactive. The auto-powerdown plus feature functions when FORCEON is low and FORCEOFF is high. During this mode of operation, if the device does not sense valid signal transitions on all receiver and driver inputs for approximately 30 s, the built-in charge pump and drivers are powered down, reducing the supply current to 1 µA. By disconnecting the serial port or placing the peripheral drivers off, auto-powerdown plus occurs if there is no activity in the logic levels for the driver inputs. Auto-powerdown plus can be disabled when FORCEON and FORCEOFF are high. With auto-powerdown plus enabled, the device activates automatically when a valid signal is applied to any receiver or driver input. INVALID is high (valid data) if any receiver input voltage is greater than 2.7 V or less than -2.7 V, or has been between -0.3 V and 0.3 V for less than 30 µs. INVALID is low (invalid data) if all receiver input voltages are between -0.3 V and 0.3 V for more than 30 µs. Refer to Figure 5 for receiver input levels.

#### **Function Tables**

#### EACH DRIVER

		IN	PUTS	OUTPUT	
DIN	FORCEON	FORCEOFF	TIME ELAPSED SINCE LAST RIN OR DIN TRANSITION	DOUT	DRIVER STATUS
Х	Х	L	Х	Z	Powered off
L	Н	Н	Х	Н	Normal operation with
н	н	Н	Х	L	auto-powerdown plus disabled
L	L	Н	<30 s	Н	Normal operation with
н	L	Н	<30 s	L	auto-powerdown plus enabled
L	L	Н	>30 s	Z	Powered off by
Н	L	Н	>30 s	Z	auto-powerdown plus feature

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance

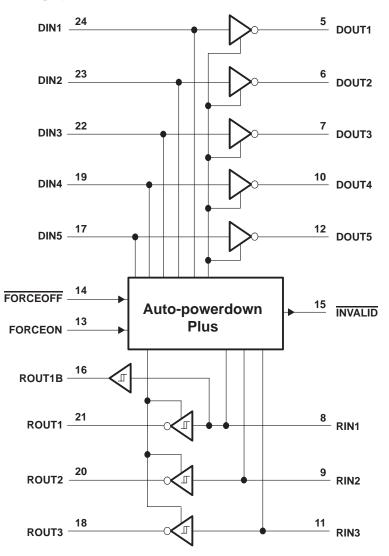
#### EACH RECEIVER

		INP	UTS	OUTP	UTS	
RIN1	RIN2-RIN3	FORCEOFF	TIME ELAPSED SINCE LAST RIN OR DIN TRANSITION	ROUT1B	ROUT	RECEIVER STATUS
L	Х	L	Х	L	Z	Powered off while
н	Х	L	Х	Н	Z	ROUT1B is active
L	L	Н	<30 s	L	Н	
L	Н	н	<30 s	L	L	Normal operation with
н	L	н	<30 s	Н	Н	auto-powerdown plus
н	Н	н	<30 s	Н	L	disabled/enabled
Open	Open	Н	>30 s	L	Н	

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off), Open = input disconnected or connected driver off



logic diagram (positive logic)





#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1) Positive output supply voltage range, V+ (see Note 1) Negative output supply voltage range, V- (see Note 1) Supply voltage difference, V+ - V- (see Note 1) Input voltage range, V <sub>1</sub> : Driver (FORCEOFF, FORCEON) Receiver Output voltage range, V <sub>0</sub> : Driver Receiver (INVALID)	-0.3 V to 7 V 0.3 V to -7 V 13 V -0.3 V to 6 V -0.3 V to 6 V -25 V to 25 V -13.2 V to 13.2 V -0.3 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Notes 2 and 3): DB package PW package	
Operating virtual junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub> Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to network GND.

- 2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of T<sub>J</sub>(max), θ<sub>JA</sub>, and T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

#### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4 and Figure 6)

				MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
	Questions		$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$	3	3.3	3.6	
	Supply voltage		$V_{CC} = 5 V$	4.5	5	5.5	V
V	Driven and control kink level in structure to a		$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$	2			
VIH	Driver and control high-level input voltage	DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	2.4			V
VIL	Driver and control low-level input voltage	DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON				0.8	V
VI	Driver and control input voltage	DIN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON		0		5.5	V
VI	Receiver input voltage			-25		25	V
<b>-</b>	T <sub>A</sub> Operating free-air temperature		MAX3238C	0		70	<b>.</b>
١A			MAX3238I	-40		85	°C

NOTE 4: Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

#### electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4 and Figure 6)

	PARAMI	ETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
Ц	Input leakage current	FORCEOFF, FORCEON			±0.01	±1	μA
		Auto-powerdown plus disabled	No load, FORCEOFF and FORCEON at $V_{CC}$		0.5	2	mA
100	Supply current	Powered off	No load, FORCEOFF at GND		1	10	
ICC $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$	Auto-powerdown plus enabled	No load, <del>FORCEOFF</del> at V <sub>CC</sub> , FORCEON at GND, All RIN are open or grounded		1	10	μΑ	

<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V or  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V, and  $T_A$  = 25°C.

NOTE 4: Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.



#### **DRIVER SECTION**

#### electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4 and Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TES	ST CONDITIONS	3	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
∨он	High-level output voltage	All DOUT at RL = 3 k $\Omega$ to	GND		5	5.4		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	All DOUT at RL = 3 k $\Omega$ to	GND		-5	-5.4		V
Iн	High-level input current	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$				±0.01	±1	μΑ
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> at GND				±0.01	±1	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	VO = 0 V			±35	±60	
los	Short-circuit output current‡	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	VO = 0 V			±40	±100	mA
r <sub>o</sub>	Output resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> , V+, and V– = 0 V,	$V_{O} = \pm 2 V$		300	10M		Ω
1		FORCEOFF = GND	$V_{O} = \pm 12 V$ ,	$V_{CC}$ = 3 V to 3.6 V			±25	
loff	Output leakage current	FURGEUFF = GND	V <sub>O</sub> = ±10 V,	$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V			±25	μA

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V or  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V, and  $T_A$  = 25°C.

<sup>‡</sup> Short-circuit durations should be controlled to prevent exceeding the device absolute power-dissipation ratings, and not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

NOTE 4: Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

#### switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4 and Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
	Maximum data rate	C <sub>L</sub> = 1000 pF, One DOUT switching,	R <sub>L</sub> = 3 kΩ, See Figure 1	150	250		kbit/s
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew§	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF to 2500 pF	R <sub>L</sub> = 3 kΩ to 7 kΩ, See Figure 2		100		ns
SR(tr)	Slew rate, transition region	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	$C_{L} = 150 \text{ pF} \text{ to } 1000 \text{ pF}$	6		30	Muo
SR(II)	(see Figure 1)	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ R <sub>L</sub> = 3 k $\Omega$ to 7 k $\Omega$	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF to 2500 pF	4		30	V/μs

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

§ Pulse skew is defined as |tPLH - tPHL| of each channel of the same device.

NOTE 4: Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.



#### **RECEIVER SECTION**

#### electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4 and Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VOH	High-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.1 V		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.6 mA			0.4	V
×	Desitive as is a issue thread and us to as	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		1.5	2.4	V
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 5 V$		1.8	2.4	V
	Manual theory and the state of the second state of the second	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	0.6	1.2		
V <sub>IT</sub> –	Negative-going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	0.8	1.5		V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Input hysteresis (V <sub>IT+</sub> – V <sub>IT–</sub> )			0.3		V
loff	Output leakage current (except ROUT1B)	FORCEOFF = 0 V		±0.05	±10	μΑ
rj	Input resistance	$V_I = \pm 3 V \text{ to } \pm 25 V$	3	5	7	kΩ

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

NOTE 4: Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

#### switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	ΜΙΝ ΤΥΡ <sup>†</sup> ΜΑΧ	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output		150	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF, See Figure 3	150	ns
ten	Output enable time		200	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	Output disable time	$C_{L} = 150 \text{ pF}, R_{L} = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 4	200	ns
<sup>t</sup> sk(p)	Pulse skew <sup>‡</sup>	See Figure 3	50	ns

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

 $\ddagger$  Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

NOTE 4: Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.



#### **AUTO-POWERDOWN PLUS SECTION**

#### electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VT+(valid)	Re <u>ceiver in</u> put threshold for INVALID high-level output voltage	$\frac{\text{FORCEON}}{\text{FORCEOFF}} = \text{ORD},$			2.7	V
V <sub>T-(valid)</sub>	Receiver input threshold for INVALID high-level output voltage	$\frac{\text{FORCEON}}{\text{FORCEOFF}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	-2.7			V
VT(invalid)	Receiver input threshold for INVALID low-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3		0.3	V
VOH	INVALID high-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ , FORCEON = GND, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6			V
VOL	INVALID low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$ , FORCEON = GND, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>			0.4	V

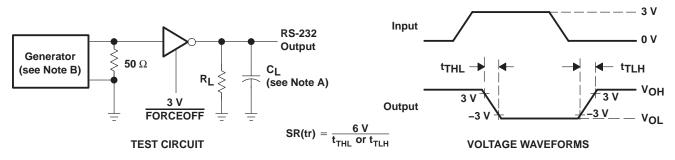
<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V or  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V, and  $T_A$  = 25°C.

#### switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> valid	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output		0.1		μs
<sup>t</sup> invalid	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output		50		μs
t <sub>en</sub>	Supply enable time		25		μs
t <sub>dis</sub>	Receiver or driver edge to auto-powerdown plus	15	30	60	S

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V or  $V_{CC} = 5$  V, and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

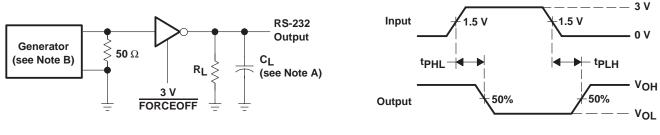




#### Figure 1. Driver Slew Rate



#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



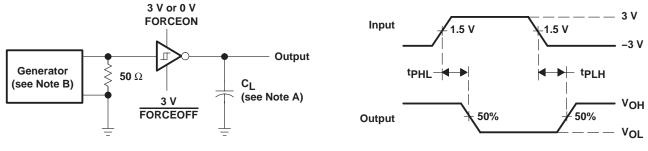
#### **TEST CIRCUIT**

**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** 

NOTES: A. CI includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_{O}$  = 50  $\Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_{r} \le 10$  ns,  $t_{f} \le 10$  ns.

#### Figure 2. Driver Pulse Skew



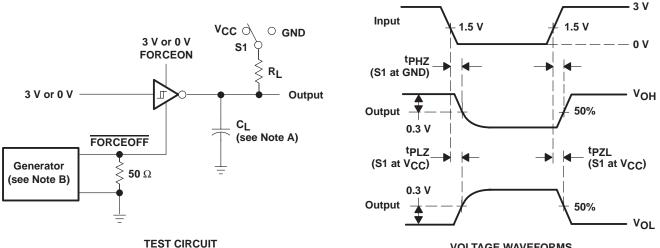
**TEST CIRCUIT** 

**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** 

NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

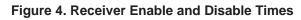
B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_f \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

Figure 3. Receiver Propagation Delay Times



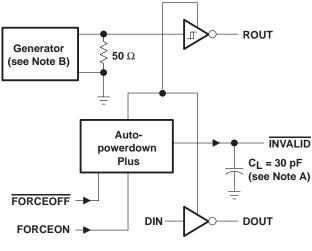
**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** 

- NOTES: A.  $C_{\mbox{L}}$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_f \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.
    - C. tPLZ and tPHZ are the same as tdis.
    - D.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .

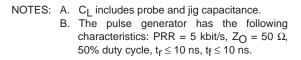


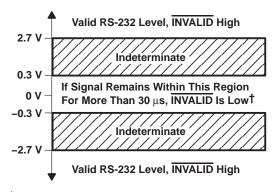


#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

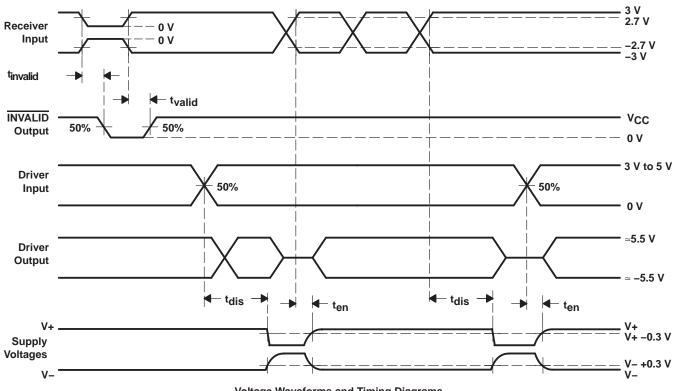


**TEST CIRCUIT** 





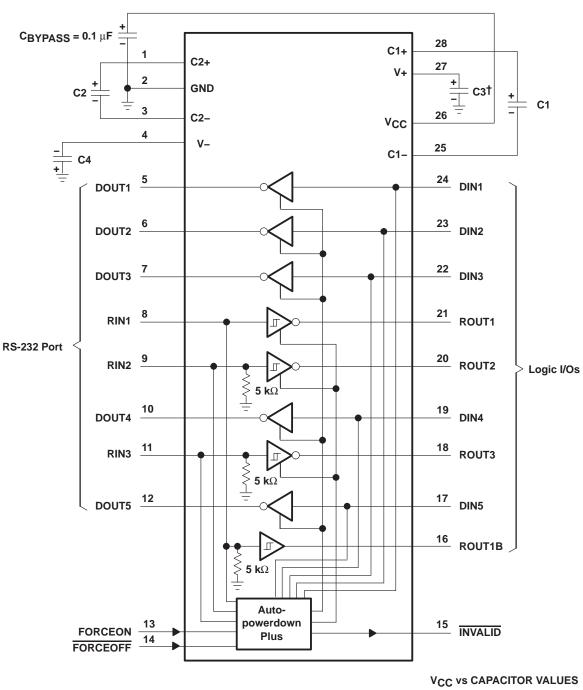
<sup>†</sup>Auto-powerdown plus disables drivers and reduces supply current to 1 µA.



**Voltage Waveforms and Timing Diagrams** 

Figure 5. INVALID Propagation-Delay Times and Supply-Enabling Time





**APPLICATION INFORMATION** 

 $^{+}$ C3 can be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

NOTES: A. Resistor values shown are nominal.

B. Nonpolarized ceramic capacitors are acceptable. If polarized tantalum or electrolytic capacitors are used, they should be connected as shown.

V <sub>CC</sub>	C1	C2, C3, and C4				
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.3 V} \pm \textbf{0.15 V} \\ \textbf{3.3 V} \pm \textbf{0.3 V} \\ \textbf{5 V} \pm \textbf{0.3 V} \\ \textbf{5 V} \pm \textbf{0.5 V} \\ \textbf{3 V to 5.5 V} \end{array}$	0.1 μF 0.22 μF 0.047 μF 0.22 μF	0.1 μF 0.22 μF 0.33 μF 1 μF				







10-Dec-2020

### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
MAX3238CDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	RoHS & Green	(6) NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	MAX3238C	Consolar
MAX3238CDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	MAX3238C	Samples
INIAA3230CDBR	ACTIVE	330F		20	2000	KUHS & Gleen	NIFDAU	Level-1-200C-UNLIM	01070	WAA5256C	Samples
MAX3238CDBRE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	MAX3238C	Samples
MAX3238CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	MA3238C	Samples
MAX3238CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	MA3238C	Samples
MAX3238CPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	MA3238C	Samples
MAX3238IDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	MAX3238I	Samples
MAX3238IDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	MAX3238I	Samples
MAX3238IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	MB3238I	Samples
MAX3238IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	MB3238I	Samples
MAX3238IPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	MB3238I	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.



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<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF MAX3238 :

• Automotive: MAX3238-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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#### **TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
MAX3238CDBR	SSOP	DB	28	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
MAX3238CPWR	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	330.0	16.4	6.9	10.2	1.8	12.0	16.0	Q1
MAX3238IDBR	SSOP	DB	28	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
MAX3238IPWR	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	330.0	16.4	6.9	10.2	1.8	12.0	16.0	Q1

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
MAX3238CDBR	SSOP	DB	28	2000	853.0	449.0	35.0
MAX3238CPWR	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	853.0	449.0	35.0
MAX3238IDBR	SSOP	DB	28	2000	853.0	449.0	35.0
MAX3238IPWR	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	853.0	449.0	35.0

## **DB0028A**



## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

## SSOP - 2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.



## DB0028A

## **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## SSOP - 2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



## DB0028A

## **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## SSOP - 2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



PW (R-PDSO-G28)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



## LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES: All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Α.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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